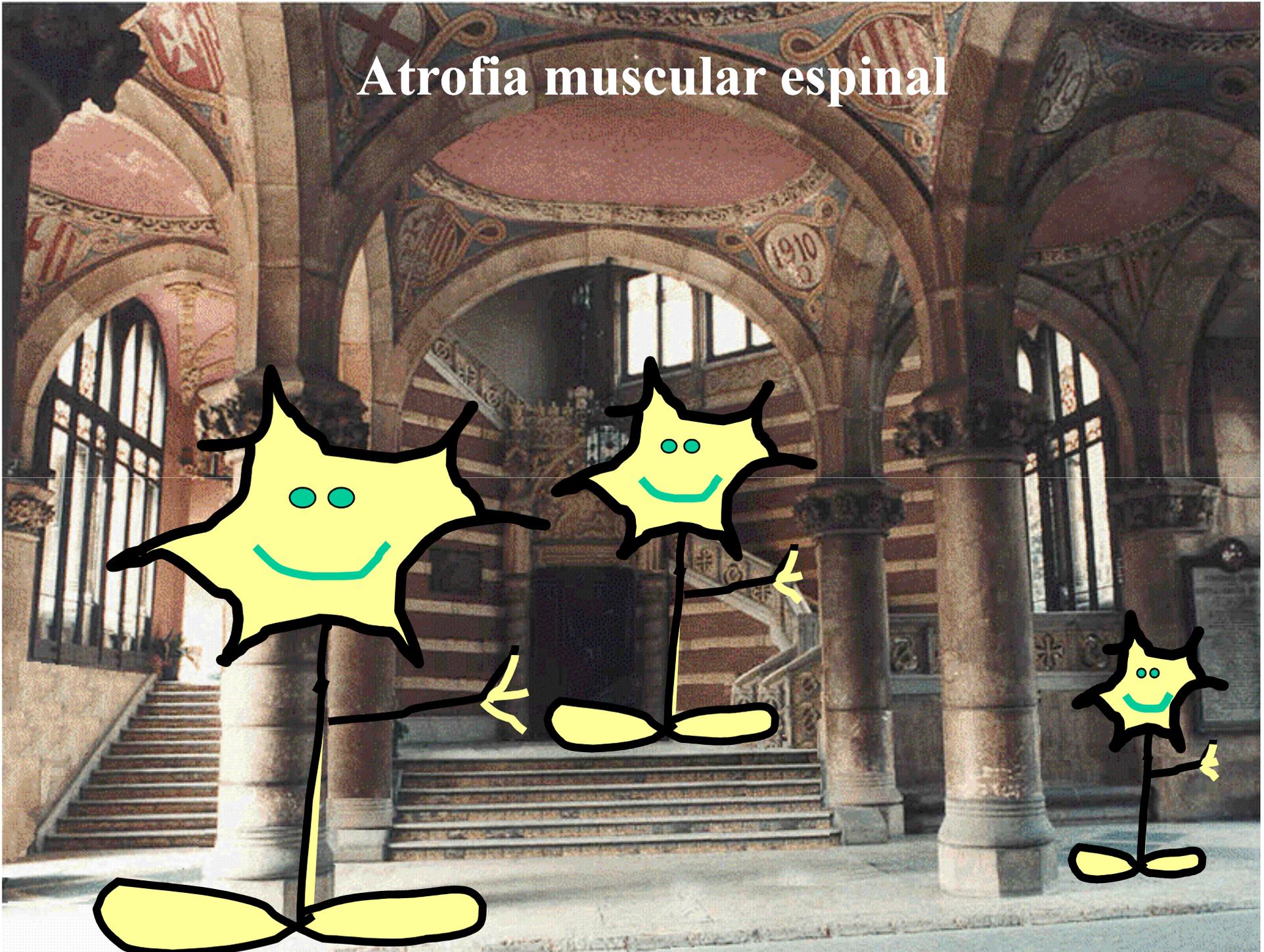
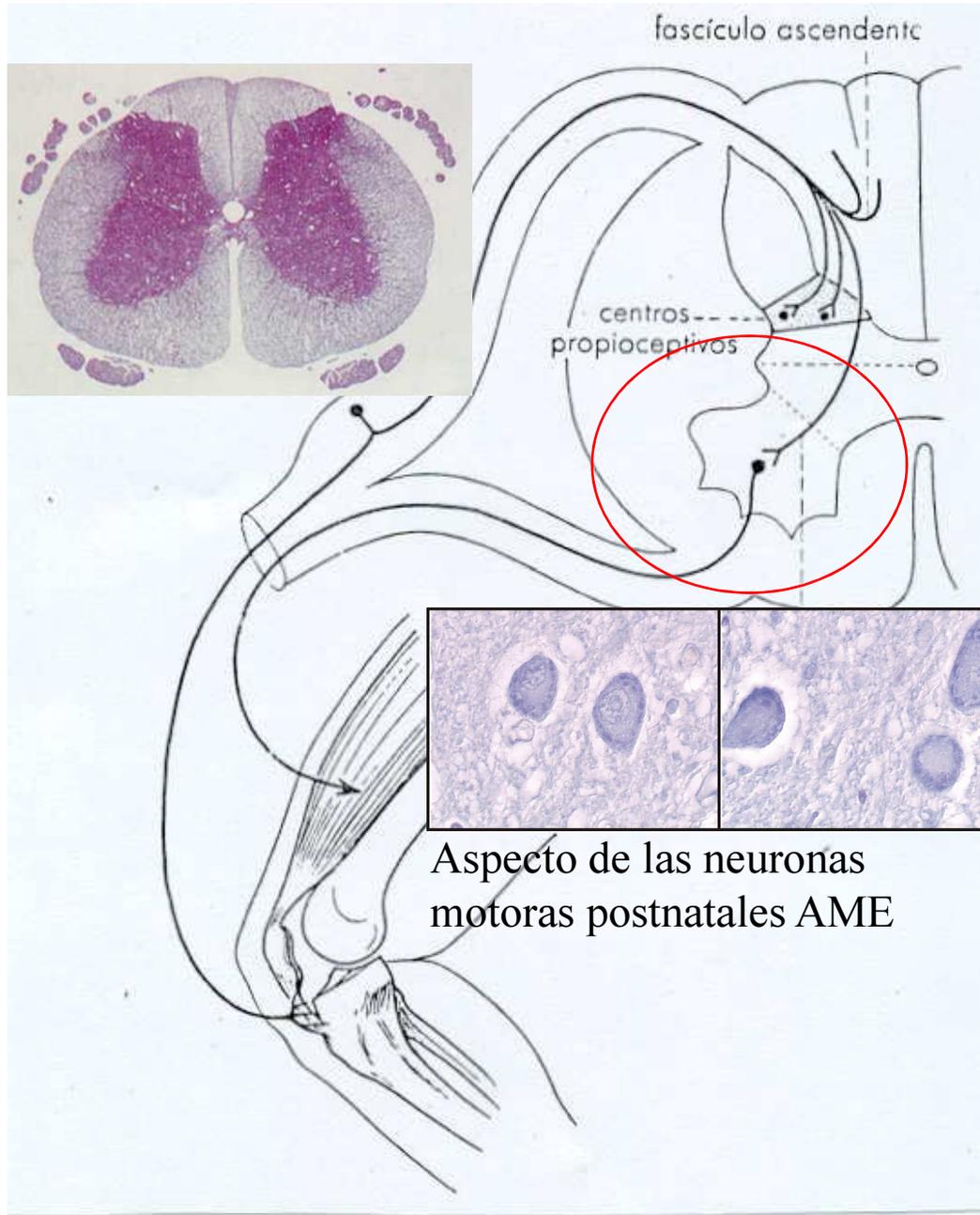


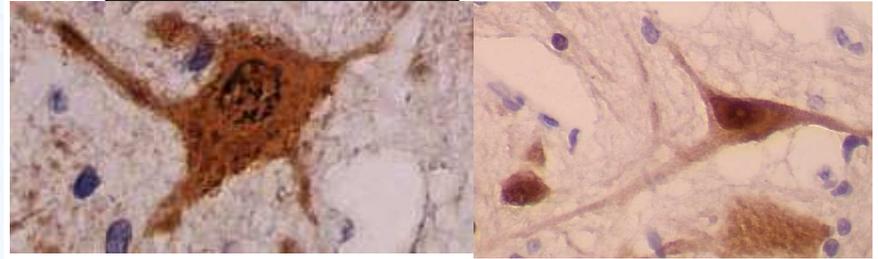
# Atrofia muscular espinal



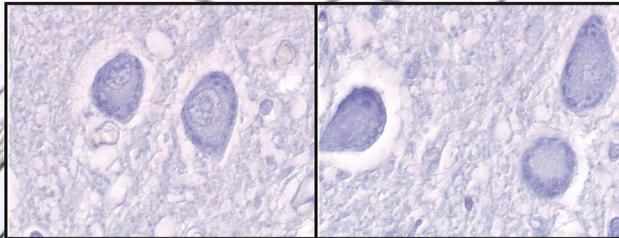
La pérdida y degeneración de las neuronas motoras de la médula espinal hacen que el músculo pierda la inervación y se atrofie.



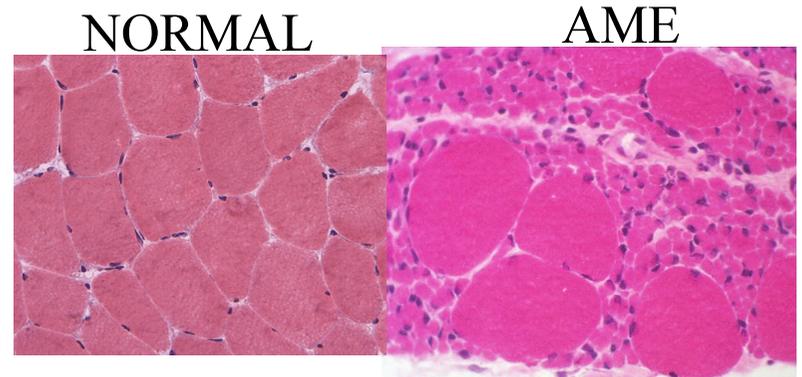
ASTA ANTERIOR
Neurona motora



Aspecto de las neuronas motoras postnatales normales



Aspecto de las neuronas motoras postnatales AME



NORMAL

AME

**1891**

Werdnig describe dos hermanos con debilidad muscular que actualmente serían tipo II



**1893**

Hoffmann y Thomson describen casos en familias con la forma actualmente conocida como tipo II

**1903**

Beevor describe por primera vez la forma tipo I



**1954-56**

Kugelberg y Welander publican 12 casos con la forma tipo III



**1990**

Se localiza el gen defectuoso en el cromosoma 5q13



**1995**

Se identifica el gen determinante SMN (Dra. Melki, Paris)

**????**

Terapia/curación de la AME

**HISTORIA DE LA AME**



## LA ATROFIA MUSCULAR ESPINAL EN NÚMEROS

- Incidencia aproximada  $1/6000-10000$  recién nacidos.
- Frecuencia de portadores de  $1/50$  individuos de la población general.

# CLASIFICACIÓN



TIPO 0 (Congénita)

TIPO I (Werdnig-Hoffmann)

TIPO II (Intermedia)

TIPO III (Kugelberg -Welander)

TIPO IV (Adulto)

IIIa  
IIIb

Nacimiento

6 meses

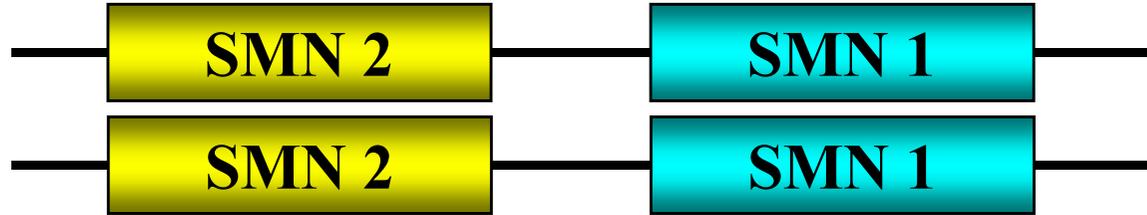
18 meses

2-3 años

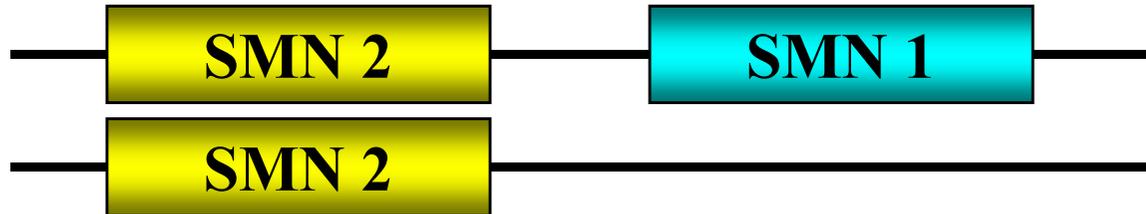
VIDA ADULTA

POBLACION

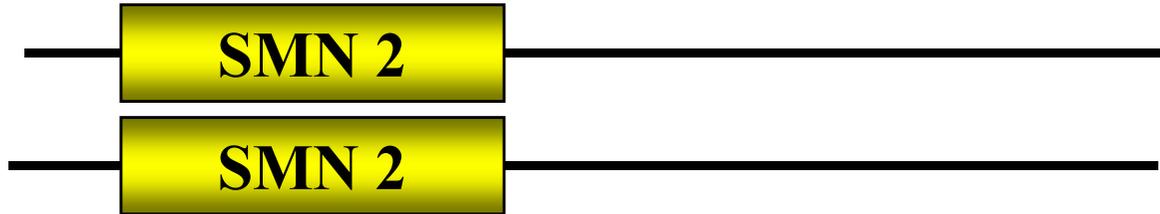
90%



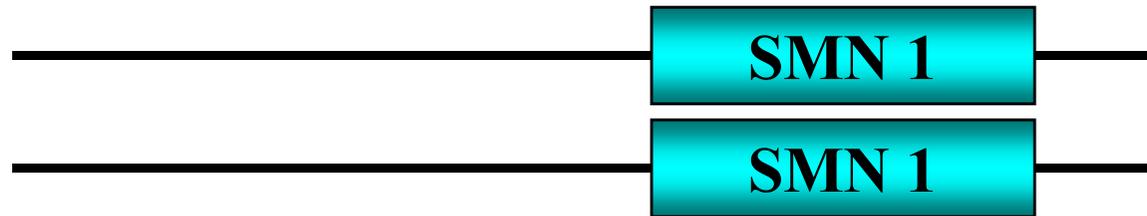
2%



AME

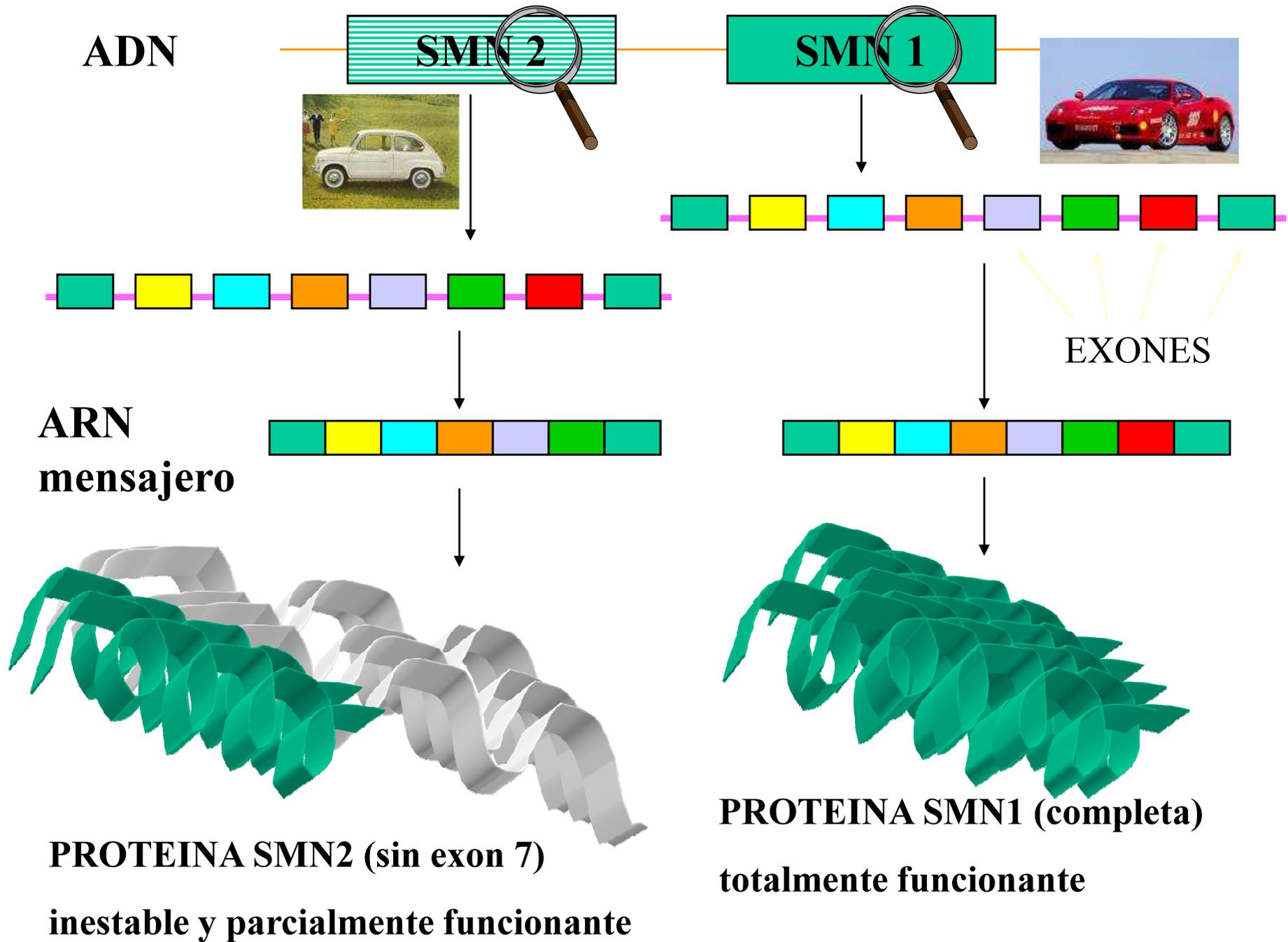


5-10%

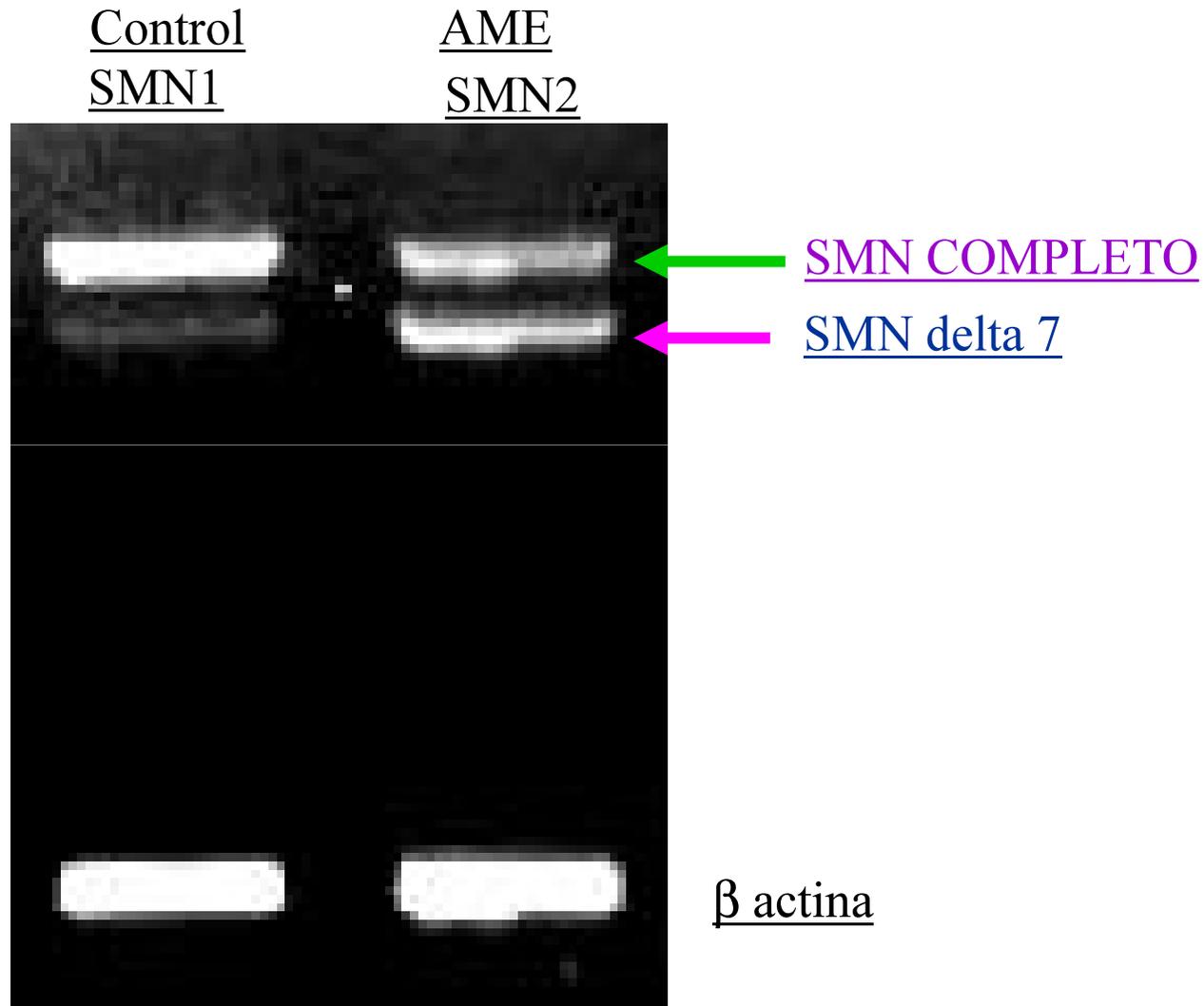


0%





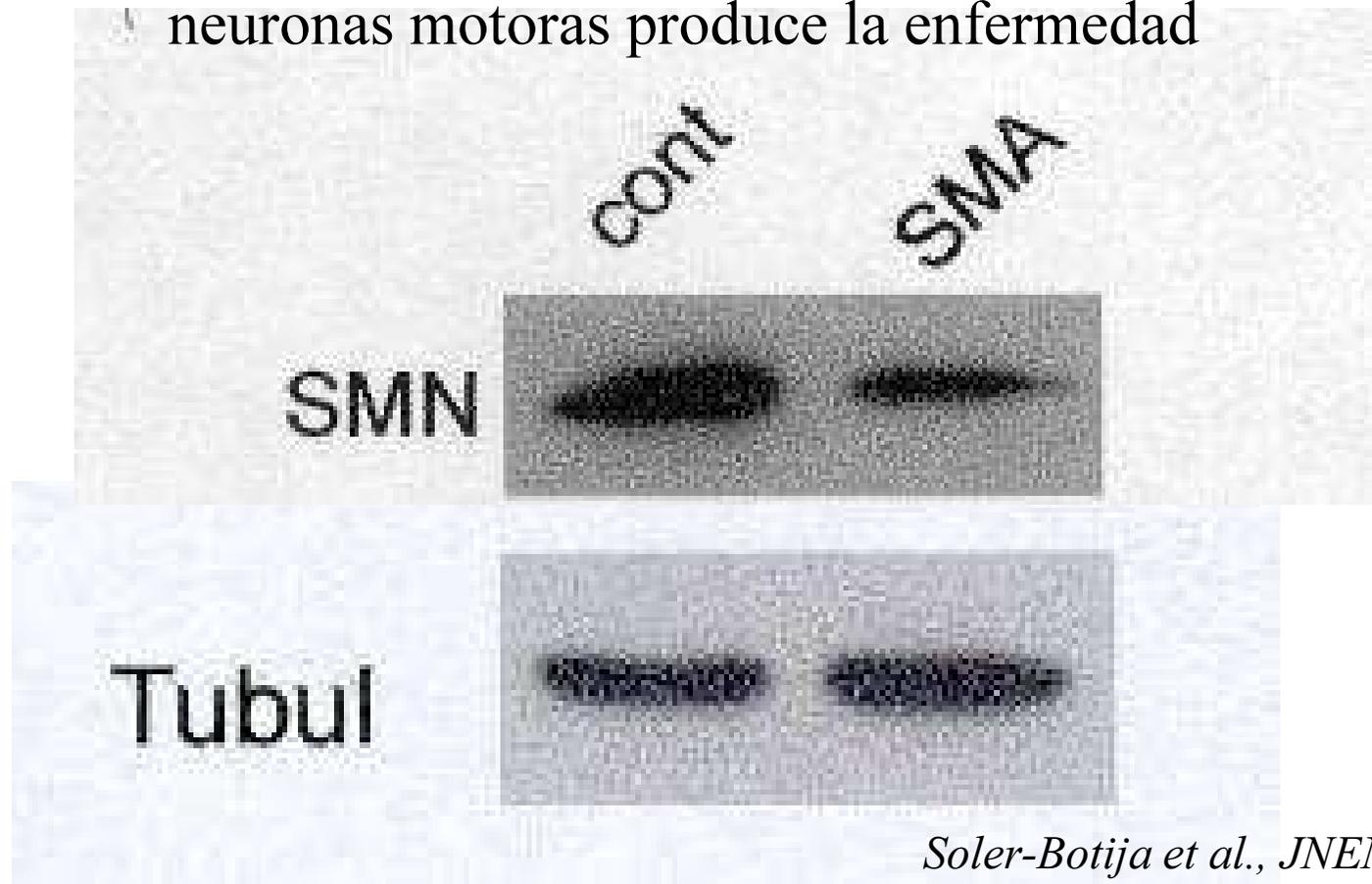
# RNA MEDULA ESPINAL



*Soler-Botija et al., JNEN, 2005*

# PROTEINA MEDULA ESPINAL

Una disminución de la cantidad de proteína SMN en las neuronas motoras produce la enfermedad

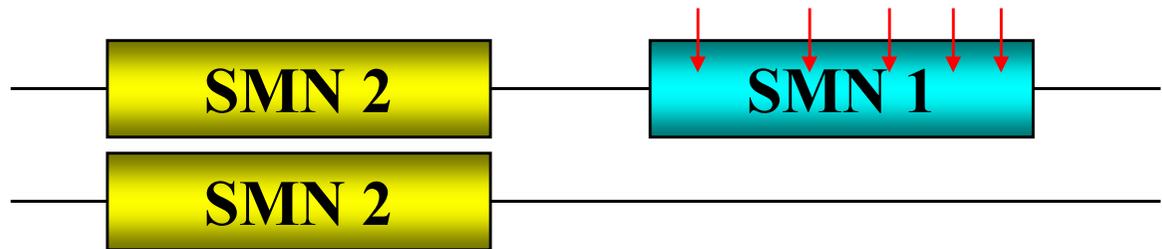
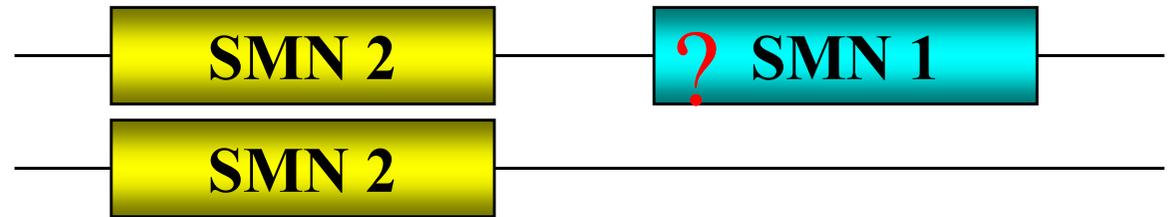
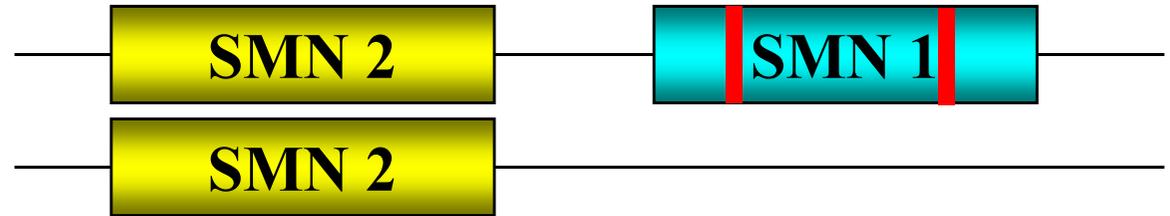
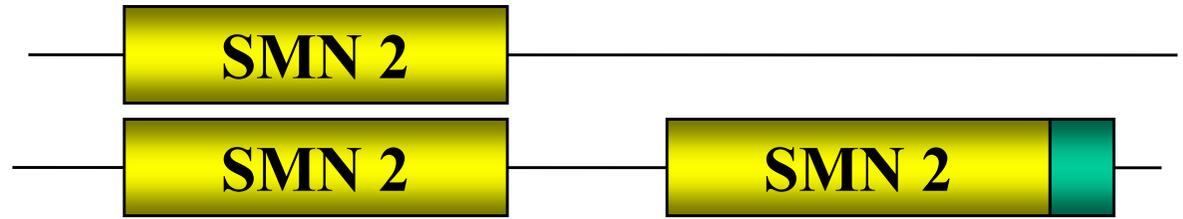
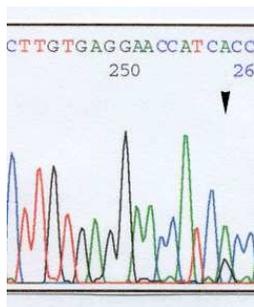
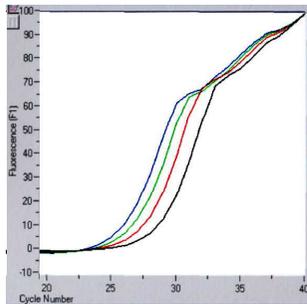
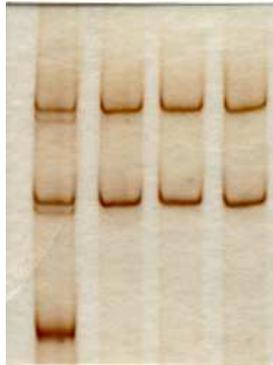


El gen SMN2 es capaz de producir algo de proteína SMN funcional pero no alcanza para evitar la enfermedad



# ***El gen determinante SMN1***

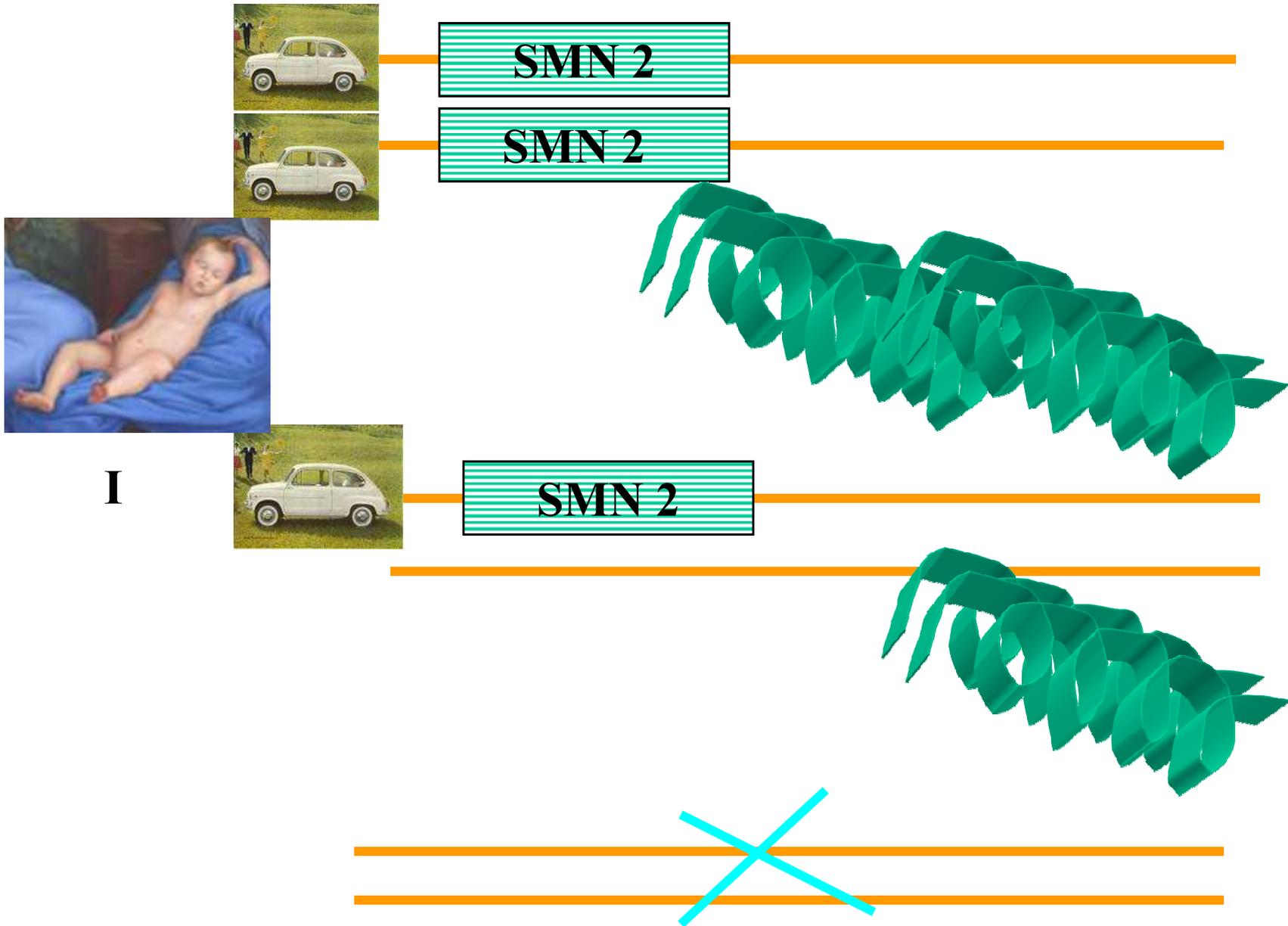
***Las mutaciones en el gen SMN1  
(deleciones, puntuales) están  
presentes en los afectados de la  
enfermedad***





## ***El gen modificador SMN2***

***Todos los pacientes con AME tienen al menos una copia del gen SMN2 (cuya función no evita la aparición de la enfermedad), y cuanto más copias tiene un paciente, el fenotipo es en general menos grave.***



Ningún paciente se ha descrito con ausencia de los dos genes SMN



II / III



SMN 2

SMN 2

SMN 2

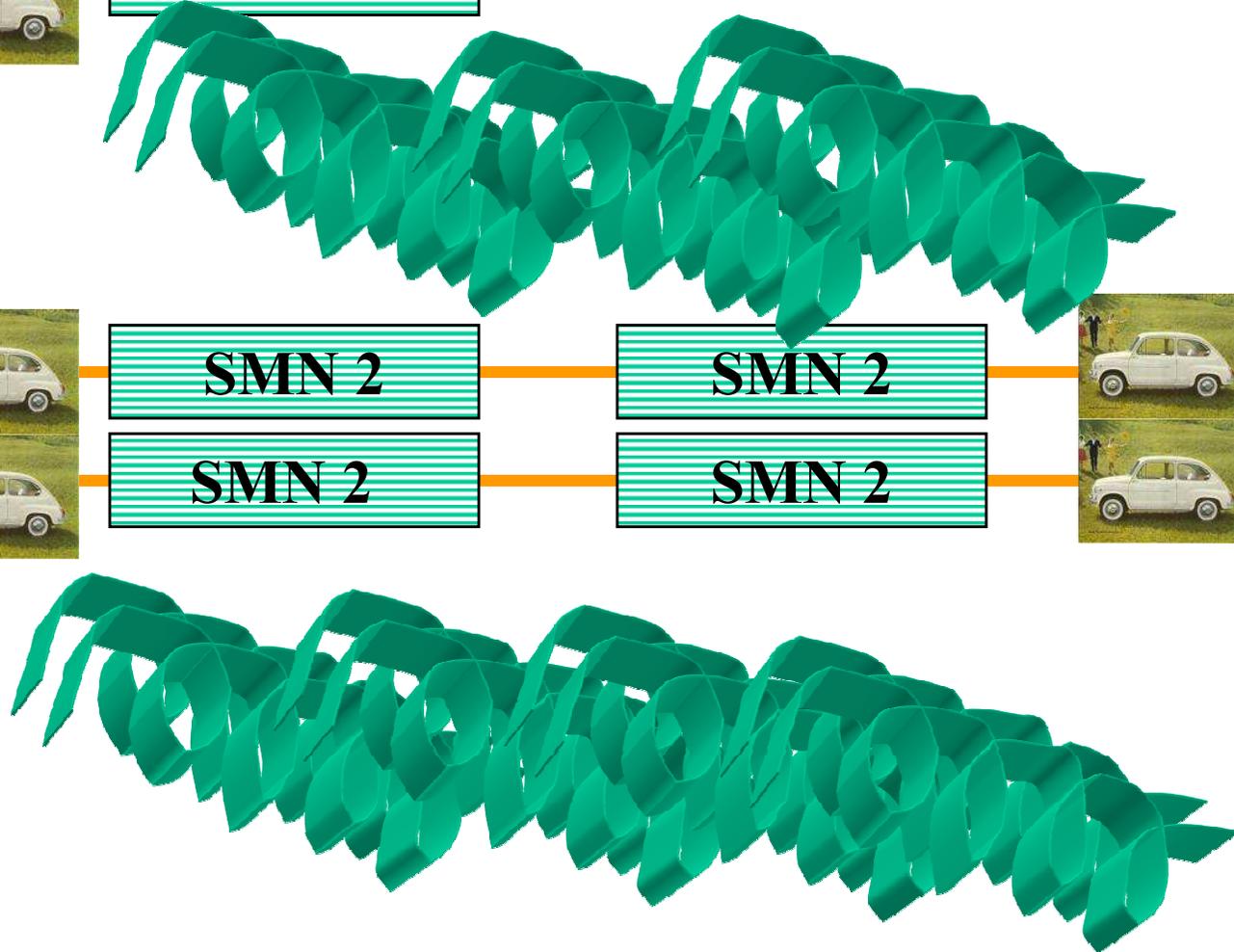


SMN 2

SMN 2

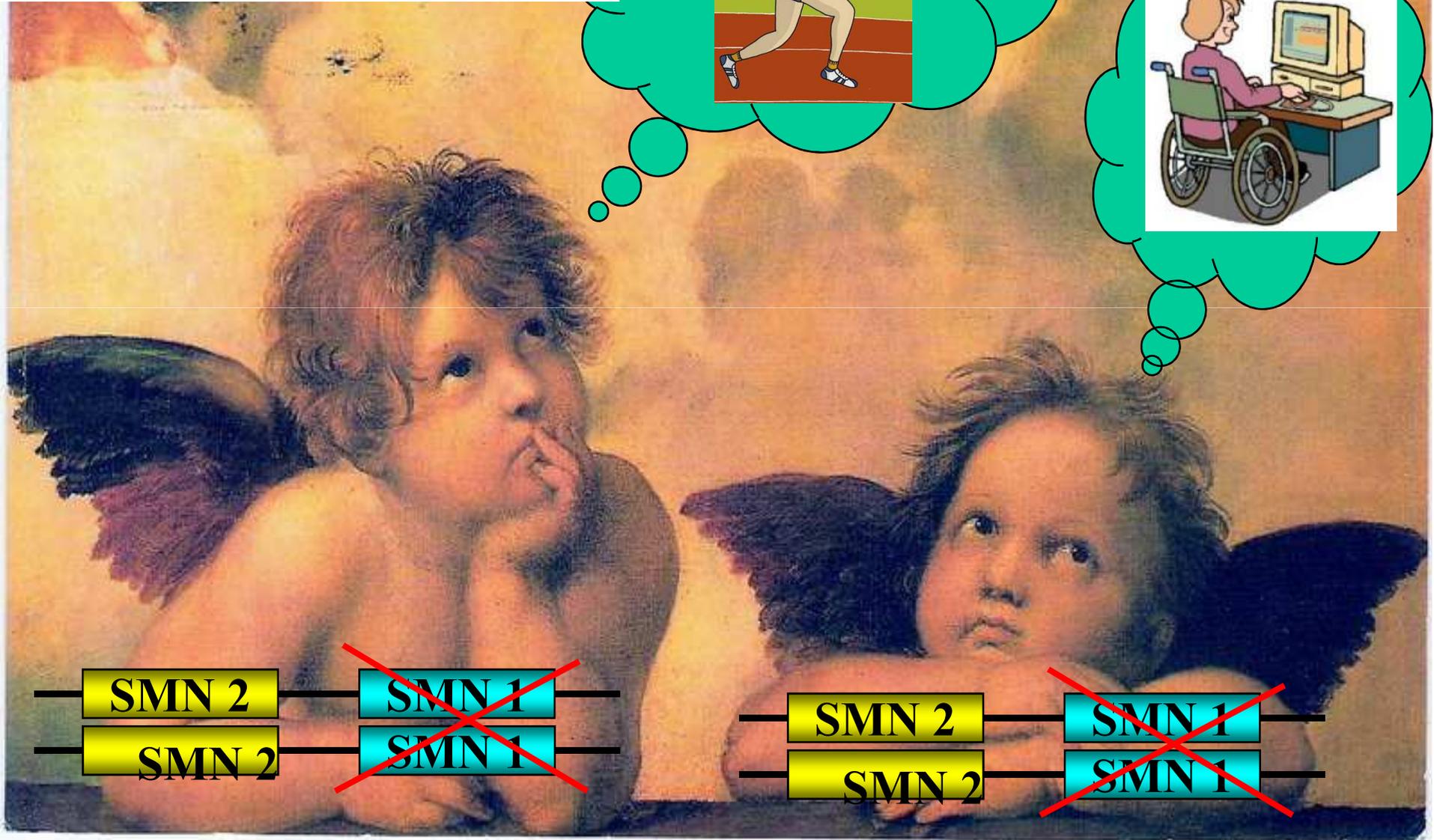
SMN 2

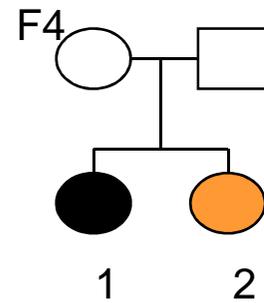
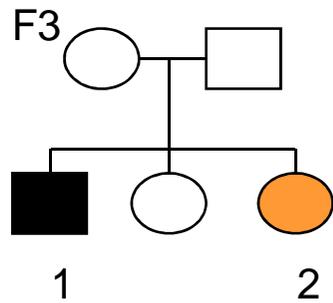
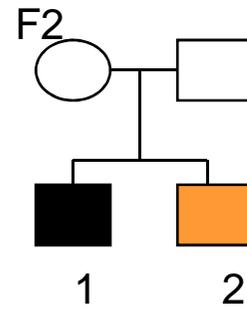
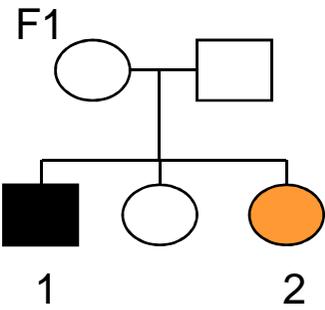
SMN 2



I. Cuscó  
M. J. Barceló  
R. Rojas-García  
I. Illa  
J. Gámez  
C. Cervera  
A. Pou  
G. Izquierdo  
M. Baiget  
E. F. Tizzano

**SMN2 copy number predicts acute  
or chronic spinal muscular atrophy  
but does not account for intrafamilial  
variability in siblings**





Familias	Nº	Fenotipo	Edadt inicio	Edad de Silla de ruedaes	Manifestación de síntomas	EMG	NAIP	SMN2 còpies
F1	1	Tipo III	2	17	+++	D	+	4
	2	A	-	-	-	MUP	+	4
F2	1	Tipo III	8	12	+++	D	+	4
	2	Tipo IV	32	-	+	D	+	4
F3	1	Tipo III	2	12	+++	D	+	3
	2	Tipo III	2	-	+ / +++	D	+	3
F4	1	Tipo II	<1	2	++++	D	+	3
	2	Tipo III	12	20	++ / +++	D	+	3

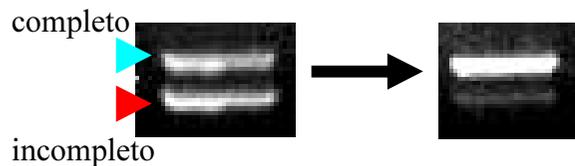
## Conclusiones correlación genotipo fenotipo

- Todos pacientes tienen ausencia o mutaciones en el gen SMN1
- Todos los pacientes tienen al menos una copia del gen SMN2
- No se ha descrito ausencia total de ambos genes
- El número de copias del gen SMN2 puede definir con una alta probabilidad el tipo de AME aunque no es absoluto cuando hay dos o tres copias
- En los hermanos con fenotipo diferente, el número de copias de SMN2 es igual

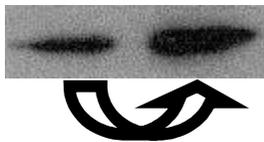
# Fármacos en estudio

- Activar SMN2
  - *Ac. Valproico*
  - *Fenilbutirato*
  - *Hidroxiurea*
  - *Salbutamol*

## Cambio RNA



## Aumento proteína



**Valproic acid increases the SMN2 protein level:  
a well-known drug as a potential therapy for  
spinal muscular atrophy**

L. Brichta<sup>1,2</sup>, Y. Hofmann<sup>1</sup>, E. Hahnen<sup>3</sup>, F. A. Siebzehrubl<sup>3</sup>, H. Raschke<sup>1</sup>,  
I. Blumcke<sup>3</sup>, I. Y. Eyupoglu<sup>4</sup> and B. Wirth<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Human Genetics, University of Bonn, Wilhelmstrasse 31, 53111 Bonn, Germany, <sup>2</sup>Institute of Human Genetics, University of Cologne, Kerpener Str. 34, 50931 Cologne, Germany, <sup>3</sup>Institute of Neuropathology, University Erlangen-Nuremberg, Krankenhausstrasse 8-10, 91054 Erlangen, Germany and <sup>4</sup>Department of Neurosurgery, University Erlangen-Nuremberg, Schwabachanlage 6, 91054 Erlangen, Germany

Received May 8, 2003; Revised and Accepted July 25, 2003

www.nature.com/ejhg

\$25.00

**Phenylbutyrate increases SMN expression *in vitro*:  
relevance for treatment of spinal muscular atrophy**

Catia Andreassi<sup>1</sup>, Carla Angelozzi<sup>1</sup>, Francesco D Tiziano<sup>1</sup>, Tiziana Vitali<sup>1</sup>, Eleonora De

**Hydroxyurea Enhances SMN2 Gene  
Expression in Spinal Muscular Atrophy Cells**

Susanna M. Grzeschik, PhD,<sup>1</sup> Madhuri Ganta, PhD,<sup>1</sup> Thomas W. Prior, PhD,<sup>2</sup> William D. Heavlin, PhD,<sup>3</sup>  
and Ching H. Wang, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>

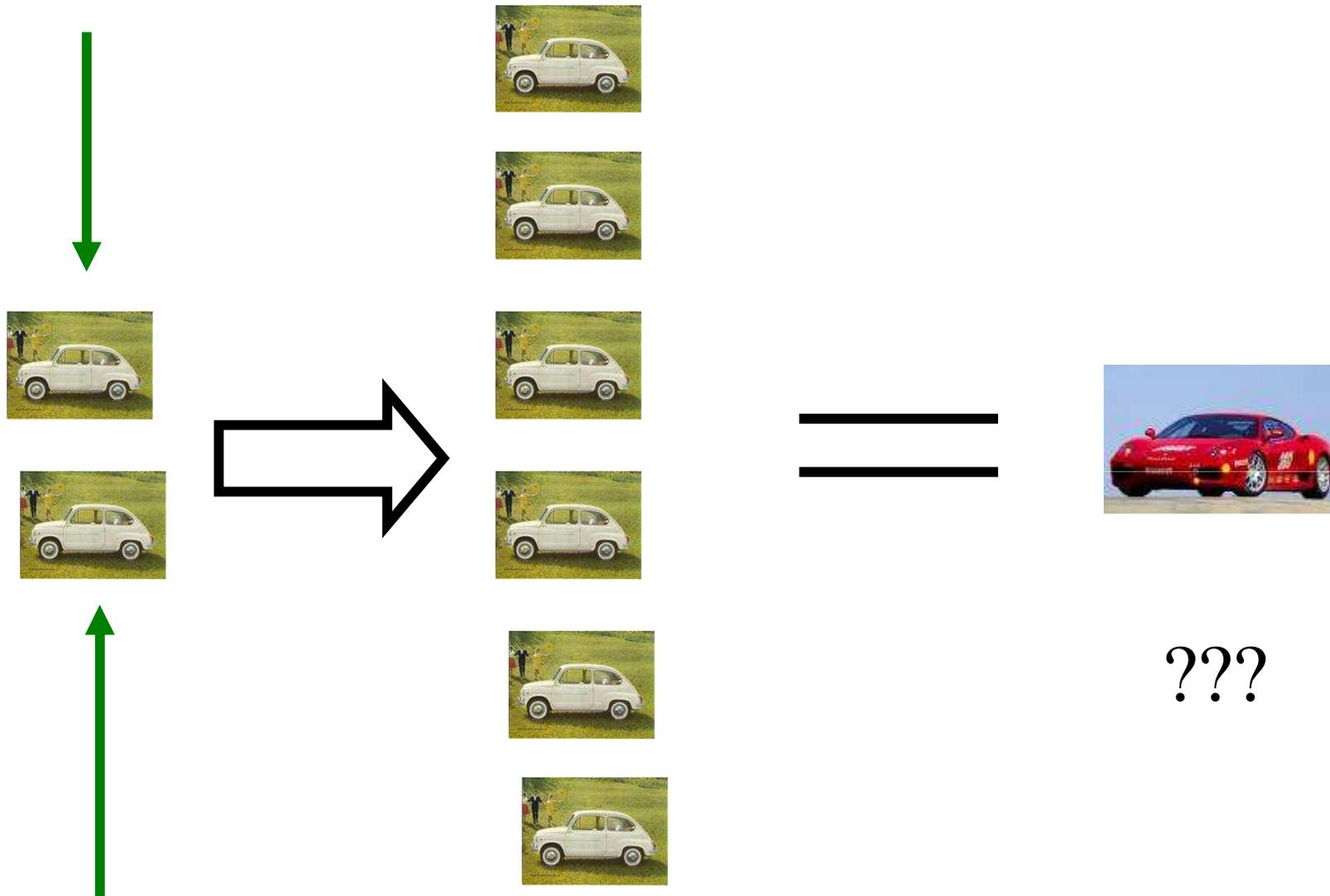
Downloaded from [jmg.bmj.com](http://jmg.bmj.com) on 2 June 2009

Short report

**Salbutamol increases SMN mRNA and protein levels  
in spinal muscular atrophy cells**

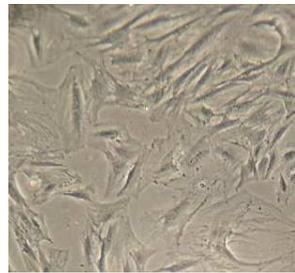
C Angelozzi, F Borgo, F D Tiziano, A Martella, G Neri, C Brahe

TERAPIA FARMACOLOGICA



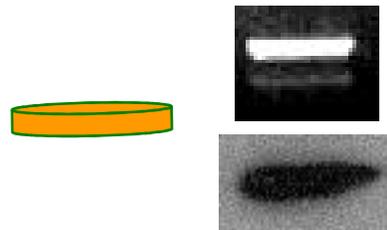
TERAPIA FARMACOLOGICA

# Tratamiento in vitro en células de pacientes

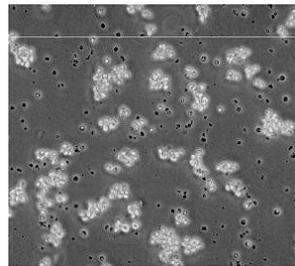
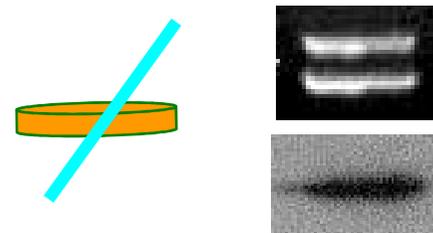


Fibroblastos

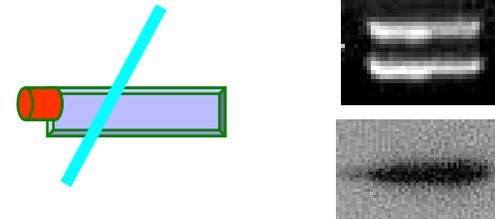
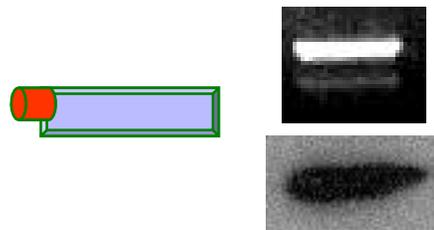
*Responden*



*NO Responden*



Linfoblastos



## VARIABILIDAD INDIVIDUAL

Responden a uno si y a otro no

Algunos casos necesitan más dosis

Responden en una célula pero no en otra

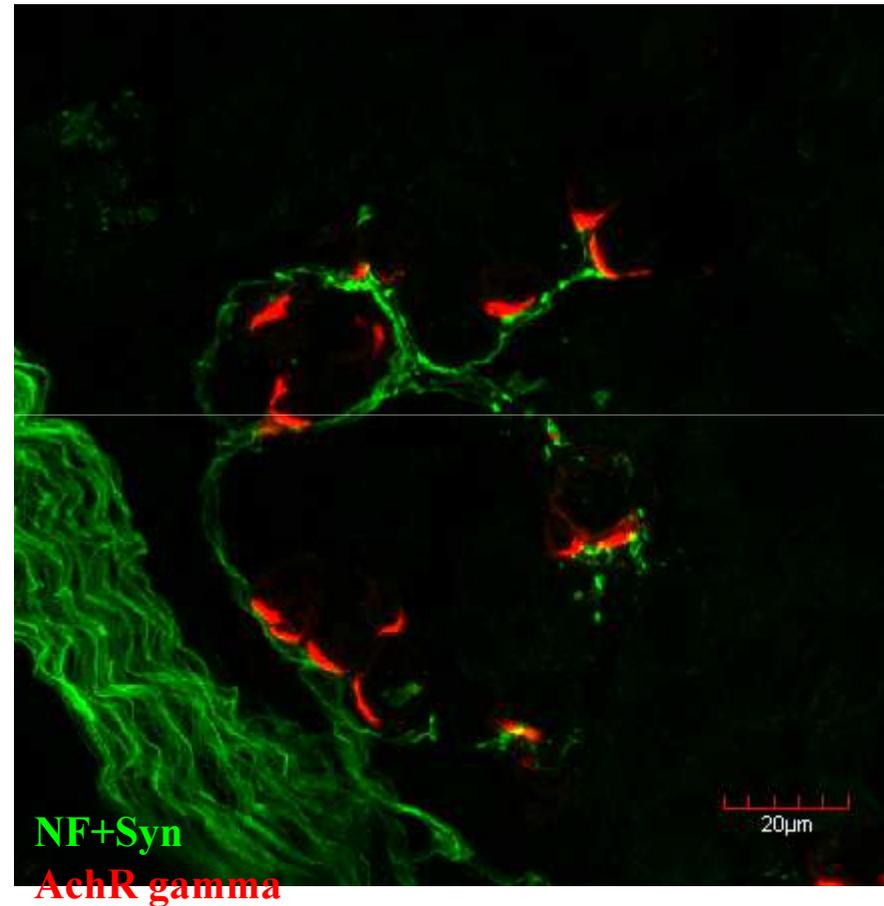
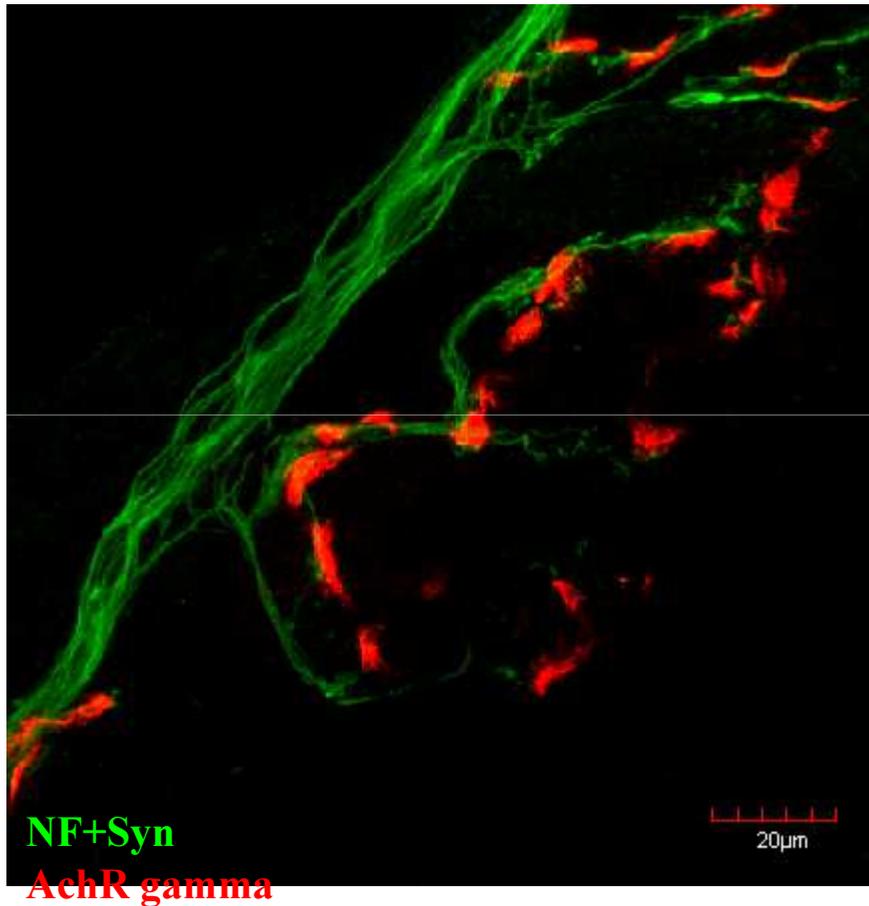
Algunas casos necesitan dos fármacos

Hermanos responden diferente

*Also et al., en revisión*

# AXONS - ENDPLATES

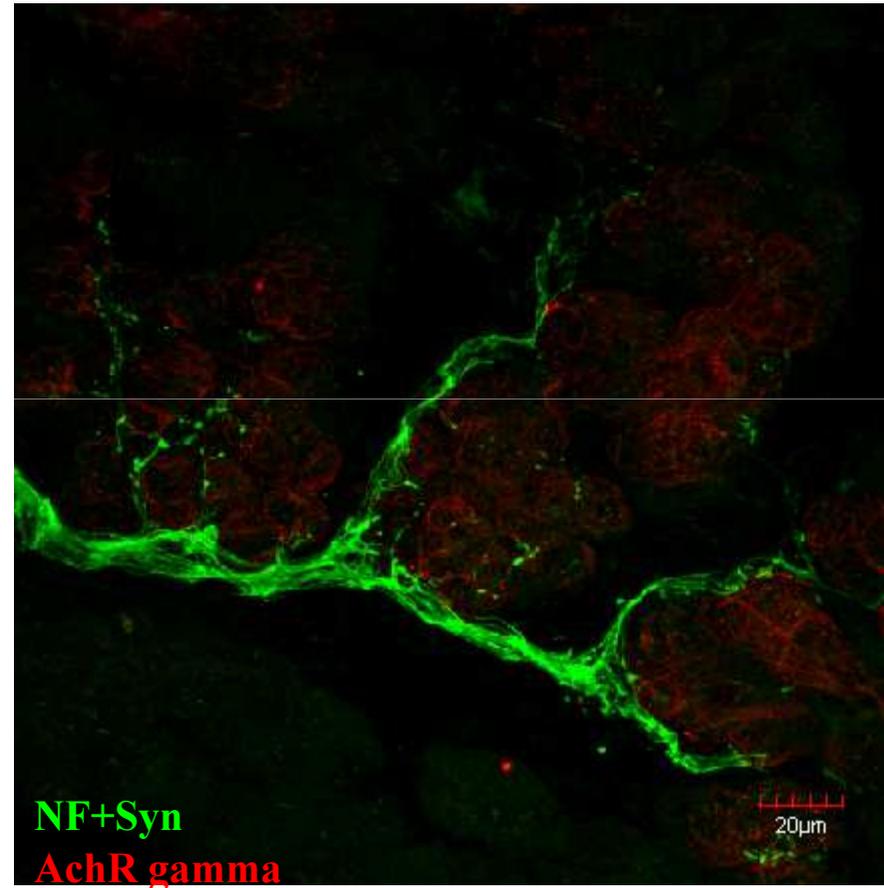
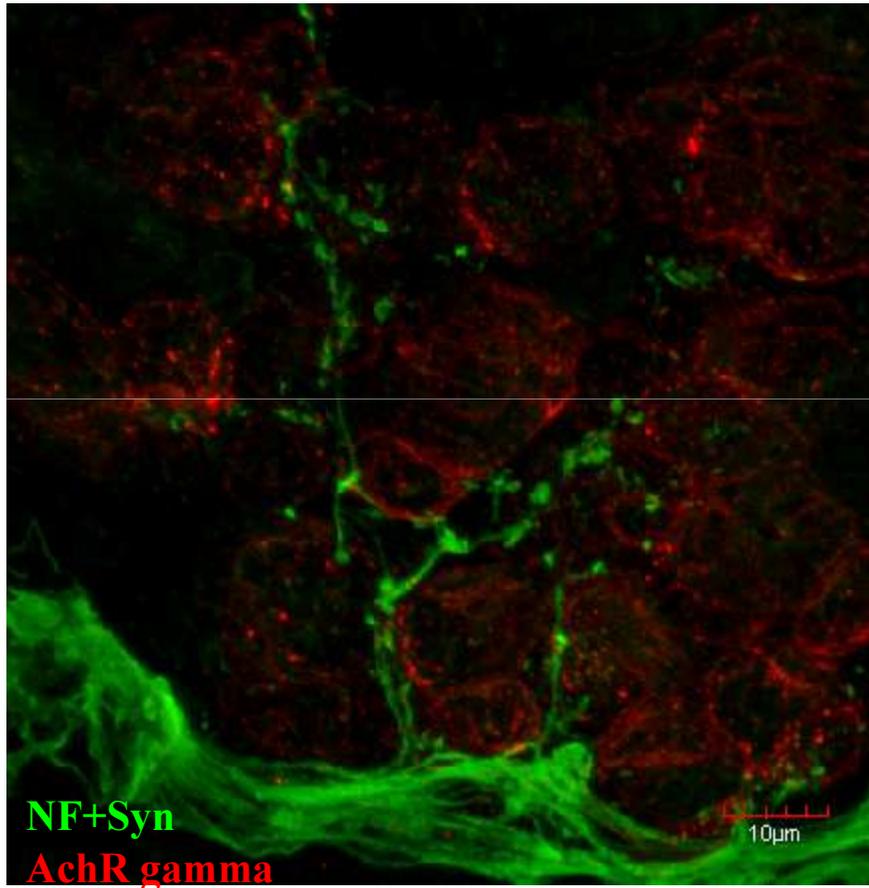
Diaphragm WT 14 weeks    Motor Endplates



**Polyaxonal endplates innervating myotubes with aggregated AchRs**

*Martínez-Hernández et al. (in preparation)*

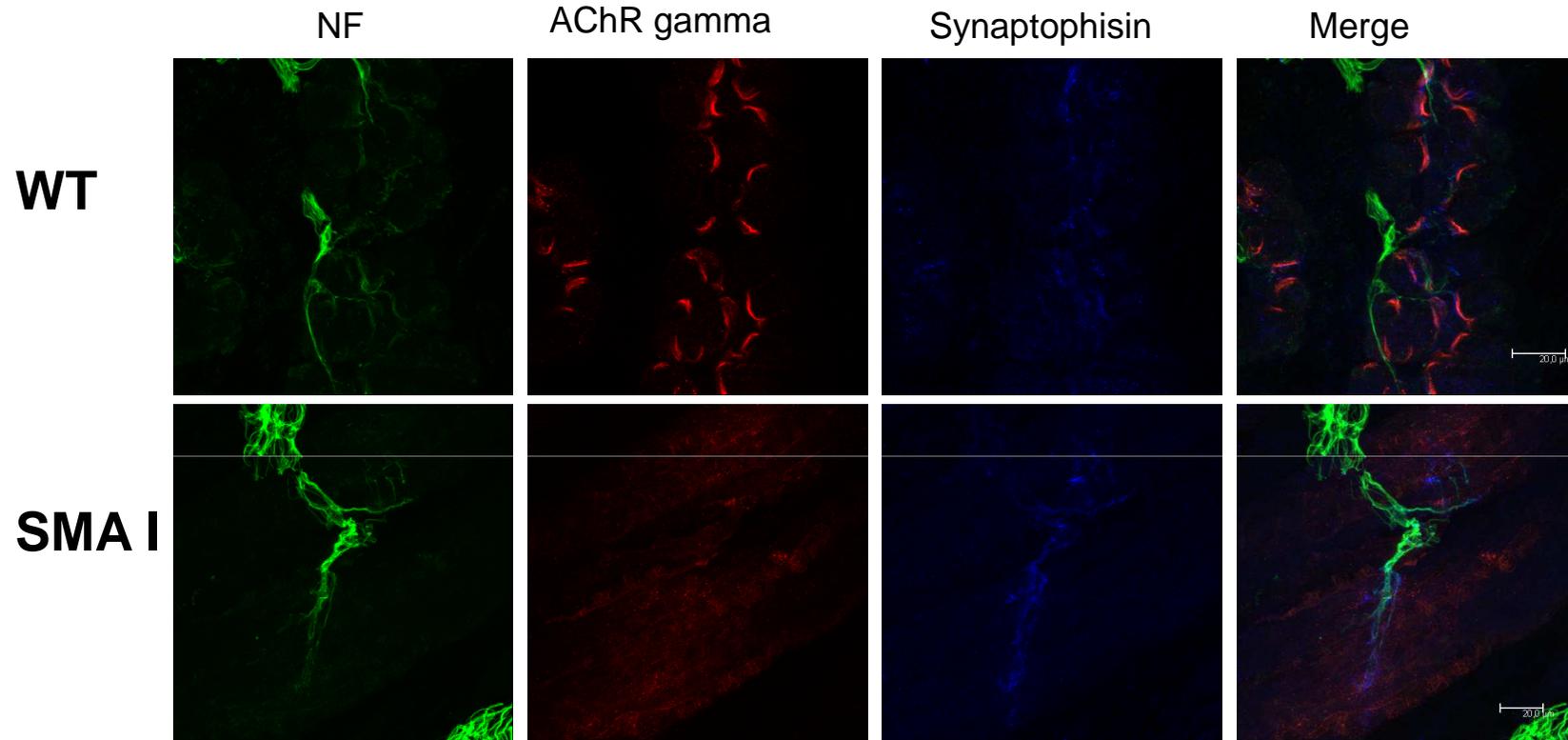
## Diaphragm SMA 14 weeks    Motor Endplates



**Polyaxonal endplates innervating myotubes with AchR that have not yet clustered**

*Martínez-Hernández et al. (in preparation)*

# 14 weeks



# SMA case with 5mm NT, Hypoplasia of left heart and one SMN2 copy.



